Privacy in Information Society



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Definition of Privacy

- Individual's right to controll access to his/her personal information, intimacy, secrets, and thoughts
- Personal data: any information that can be linked to a specific individual
- Privacy and personal data are vulnerable therefore protected by law



Threats and Regulation

New technologies, practices give rise to regulation:

- Late 19th century: photography and agressive media answer: right to privacy (US Supreme Court)
- Early 1970s: Big Brother State, wish for a central database
 - answer: data protection law (Europe)
- Late 20th century: sectorial personal data management
 - answer: sectorial regulation (e.g. TDGSG, 1997)



Information Society

'You already have zero privacy – get over it'

- Logfiles on webservers tracing back to client computers
- Cookies to monitor consumer habits
- Spams using traded e-mail addresses
- Vulnerable Internet protocols giving unauthorised access to computers
- Data hungry business players
- Legal safeguards ineffective in digital environment



The answer: Information Security

Our privacy can be protected by technology and cooperation.

- e-Signature (PGP, VerySign)
- Firewalls
- Spam filters
- IPv.6
- SSL (https://, server and user identification)
- IT products certified according to ISO 15408



Co-operation in InfoSecurity

National co-operation:

Interministerial Committee on Information Society
 Information Security Subcommittee (academia, business, government)

Bilateral co-operation:

- Bilateral cooperation documents focusing on IT security (Romania, Russia, Korea etc.)
- Hungarian-German IT Security Co-operation
- Hungarian-Slovakian IT Security Co-operation

Co-operation at EU level

ENISA (MB, PSG, WG, National Contact Points)



Hungary's capability of co-operating

- Active membership in Common Criteria RA
- Adaptation of ISO 15408 and BS7799 standards
- Creation of CERT Hungary (Network Security Center)
- Business development: e-Sec.hu
- Information dissemination, connection interface: ISSE 2005
- Sectorial regulation: E-Commerce Act (spam, cookies, data economy)
 eSec.lau

Hungarian Cyber Security Package 2005



Summary

- 1. Our privacy is very vulnerable in the brave new digital world.
- 2. The enforcement of data protection law is ineffective on the Internet for the moment.
- 3. The information security solutions can ensure a high level of personal data protection.
- 4. The state's role is to raise awareness, foster cooperation, and make good policy.